

ACCUCARE® ONE STEP INFLUENZA Flu A+B RAPID TEST (Nasopharyngeal Secretion)

INTENDED USE

Influenza virus type A or type B antigens directly from nasopharyngeal swab specimens. The test is used as an aid in the rapid diagnosis of influenza A and B viral infections.

For *In Vitro* Diagnostic Use Only ORDER INFORMATION

Pack Size	REF
1 Tests	FLUC 1
10 Tests	FLUC 10
25 Tests	FLUC 25
50 Tests	FLUC 50

SUMMARY AND EXPLATION

Influenza is an acute respiratory disease caused by influenza virus type A or type B. Influenza is caused by the antigenic drift of the influenza virus, which causes 10 to 20% of the population to be epidemic every winter. The global pandemic of influenza A, which occurs every 10 to 40 years, is a major threat to mankind due to antigenic shifts. As a result of monitoring the national influenza epidemic in Korea, we can confirm that influenza is prevalent every winter (October to April). Influenza is an acute febrile respiratory disease, which is accompanied by respiratory symptoms such as sore throat and cough together with the symptoms of headache, fever, chills and muscle aches. The symptoms of the patient are so diverse. There are cases of respiratory symptoms that do not have fever similar to a cold. Or there are cases typically accompanied by high fever and respiratory symptoms. Differential diagnosis is difficult because it is very similar to common colds caused by various respiratory viruses, especially in winter. However, influenza and cold are other diseases. Unlike colds, they can cause fatal complications. Differential diagnosis is needed because they can use antiviral drugs and effective vaccines.

PRINCIPLE

Influenza A/B Antigen is a chromatographic immunoassay kit for rapid, qualitative, and differential determination of influenza virus type A and type B (not type C) infection from nasal or throat swab specimens. Antigens of influenza virus type A and type B in the specimens are allowed to react with the anti-influenza A and anti-influenza B monoclonal antibody-coupled gold conjugate followed by reaction with anti-influenza A or anti-influenza B monoclonal antibodies immobilized in the test lines. When the sample contains influenza virus A&B, a visible line appears in the test region on the membrane. Influenza A/B Antigen is also very useful to directly and differentially detect influenza virus (A/B) from nasal swab with a high accuracy.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Influenza A/B Antigen kit contains the following items:

- 1. Test Cassettes individually foil-pouched with a desiccant
- 2. Assay Buffer Solution
- 3. Instruction manual
- 4. Sample Dropper
- 5. Nasal Swab

MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Stopwatch

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND STORAGE

- 1. Nasopharyngeal swabs: sterile swab is inserted into one or both nostrils to the nasopharyngeal area. The swab is allowed to remain in the nostrils for a few seconds to absorb secretions, rotated gently, and then withdrawn.
- 2. Liquid nasopharyngeal aspirates/or washing: Aspirate $(150\mu\ell)$ should be collected by a specialist using disposable sample transfer pipette.

Specimen Collection

Nasopharyngeal swab method:

- Bend shaft to follow curve of nasopharynx.
- Insert swab through nostril to posterior nasopharynx.
- 3. Rotate swab a few times to obtain infected cells.
- 4. For an optimal sample, repea procedure using other nostril.
- Process the swab as soon as possible after collecting the specimen.



Nasopharyngeal aspirate method (suction apparatus, sterile suction catheter):

- Instill several drops of solution saline into each nostril.
- Place catheter through nostril to posterior nasopharynx.
- 3. Apply gentle suction. Using rotating motion, slowly withdraw catheter.
- 4. For an optimal sample, repeat procedure using other nostril.

TEST PROCEDURE

Please read the product insert carefully before use.

- 1. Open the package and take out the test card and Extraction Tube contain Antigen extraction buffer.
- 2. Take patient nasal swab, dip in the extraction tube and swirl 10-15 times in the extraction buffer ensuring the swab is immersed well in the extraction buffer.
- 3. Remove the swab from the extraction tube by pressing the swab gently onto the walls of the extraction tube. Mix well. Ensure the extracted sample is Mucous Free.
- 4. Add 2-3 full drops of mucous free of extracted antigen buffer mixture into the sample well of the test device, with the help of the dropper, and wait for 15 mins for the results to appear.
- 5. Discard the swab and extraction tubes and sample droppers properly as per biohazard disposal rules.
- 6. Read the results between 15–20 minutes. Strong positive results can be reported within 20 minutes, however, negative results must be reported after 20 minutes, and the results after 20 minutes are no longer valid.







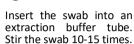


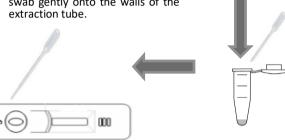
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Specimen swab

Extraction buffer tube

Remove the swab from the extraction tube by pressing the swab gently onto the walls of the extraction tube.





Apply 2-3 drops of extracted specimen to the specimen well of the test device, with the dropper.

Take the dropper and aspirate the extracted specimen into it



Read Results at 15-20 Min.

INTERPRETATION OF THE RESULTS

- Negative result: ONLY one band in the control line (C). Positive result:
- A. Positive for influenza virus type A: two bands are appeared in the test line A and control line (C).
- B. Positive for influenza virus type B: two bands are appeared in the test line B and control line (C).
- 2. Invalid result:
- If, at 15 minutes, the red color band does not appear in the control line, even if any shade of a pink-to-red test line appears, the result is considered invalid. If the test is invalid, a new test should be performed with a new patient sample and a new test strip.

C C C C B B A A A Negative

STORAGE & EXPIRATION

- 1. Flu A+B kit should be stored between 2 to 30°C (36-86°F).
- 2. Expiration date of this kit is 24 months after its manufacture date.

Total Clinical Sensitivity and Specificity

Influenza Specimen		Accucare Influenza A/B	
		Positive	Negative
Positive	145	128	17
Negative	136	0	136

- · Clinical Sensitivity: 88.27% (95% CI: 83.03%- 93.51%)
- Clinical Specificity: 100%

Influenza A/B Type Clinical Sensitivity

Influenza Specimen		Accucare Influenza A/B	
		Positive	Negative
A Positive	76	65	11
B Positive	69	63	6

- A Type Clinical Sensitivity: 85.53% (95% CI: 77.63%-93.43%)
- B Type Clinical Sensitivity: 91.30% (95% CI: 84.65%-97.95%)

LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST

Flu A+B is designed for primary screening test of Flu A+B. This kit can provide fast and easy way to get a result, but do not completely exclude the possibility of false positive or false negative result caused by various factors. So, refer to the result of this kit, please make a final decision with clinical manifestation, other test results, and doctor's view, collectively.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Precision and Accuracy

According to the report of its evaluation for FDA (Food and Drug Administration), Flu was determined to 100% of identity by using 3 different replicates of 3 lots of the kit with 12 kinds of standard samples (9 positives and 3 negatives).

2. Sensitivity and Specificity

According to the clinic report of its evaluation for FDA Adeno/RSV/Flu A+B gave 96.0% of sensitivity with 204 positive samples and 98.0% of specificity with 200 negative samples, and 98.5% of correlation with RT-PCR (reverse transcription-PCR).

REFERANCE

WHO Guide for field operations; Collecting, preserving and shipping specimens for the diagnosis of avian influenza A (H5N1) virus infection. (October 2006)

GLOSSARY OF SYMBOL

[]i	Consult Instruction for Use	LOT	Lot Number
REF	Catalog Number	{	Date of Manufacturing
	Store between	\bigwedge	Use By or Expiration Date
	Manufacturer		Do not reuse
IVD	For <i>in vitro</i> Diagnostic use only		Keep Dry
Σ	Tests per Kit	③	Do Not Use if Damaged





