

**Quantitative Determination of Triglycerides in Serum/Plasma**  
Only for *In vitro* Diagnostic Use

**ORDER INFORMATION**

REF	Cont.
TGLSLR 25	1 X 25 ml
TGLSLR 125	5 X 25 ml
TGLSLR 200	4 x 50 ml

**CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE**

Triglycerides are fats that provide energy for the cell. Like cholesterol, they are delivered to the body's cells by lipoproteins in the blood. A diet with a lot of saturated fats or carbohydrates will raise the triglyceride levels. The increases in serum triglycerides are relatively non-specific. For example liver dysfunction resulting from hepatitis, extra hepatic biliary obstruction or cirrhosis, diabetes mellitus is associated with the increase. Clinical diagnosis should not be made on a single test result; it should integrate clinical and other laboratory data.

**PRINCIPLE**

Triglycerides are determined after enzymatic hydrolysis with lipases. The quinonemine indicator is formed from hydrogen peroxide, 4-aminophenazone, and 4-chlorophenol under the catalytic influence of peroxidase.

**REAGENT COMPOSITION**

Reagent I : Triglyceride reagent  
Triglyceride Standard : 200 mg/dl (2.25 mmol/L)

**SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PRESERVATION**

Serum, heparinised plasma or EDTA plasma.  
Stability : 5-7 days at 2 - 8°C. 3 months at -20°C.

**REAGENT PREPARATION**

Reagent is ready to use.

**REAGENT STORAGE AND STABILITY**

Reagent is stable till the expiry date at 2-8°C .

AUTOMATED PARAMETERS	
Wavelength	505 nm
Reaction Type	End Point
Cuvette	1 cm light path
Reaction Temperature	37°C
Measurement	Against Reagent Blank
Sample Volume	10µl
Reagent Volume	1000µl
Incubation	5 minutes
Blank Absorbance limit	<0.300
Low Normal at 37°C	40 mg/dl (0.45 mmol/L)
High Normal at 37°C	165 mg/dl (1.86 mmol/L)
Linearity at 37°C	1300 mg/dl (14.68 mmol/L)

**MANUAL ASSAY PROCEDURE**

**PIPETTE INTO TEST TUBES**

	BLANK	STD	SAMPLE
Sample	-	-	10µl
Standard	-	10µl	-
Reagent	1000µl	1000µl	1000µl

Mix well, incubate for 5 mins. at 37°C (or 10 mins. at 20 - 25° C). Measure absorbance of Sample (AT) and Standard (AS) against reagent blank at 505 nm.

The colour is stable for 30 min. at 20 - 25° C.

**CALCULATION**

$$\text{Triglycerides (mg/dl)} = \text{AT/AS} \times \text{conc. Std.}$$

**LINEARITY**

The method is linear upto a concentration of 1300 mg/dl (14.68 mmol/L). Dilute samples above this concentration 1:1 with 0.9% saline and reassay. Multiply the result by 2.

**REFERENCE VALUE**

Recommended (desirable) Triglycerides levels for adults:

Male	40 - 160 mg/dL ( 0.45 - 1.81 mmol/L )
Female	35 - 135 mg/dL ( 0.40 - 1.53 mmol/L )

**INTERFERENCES**

Icterus: No significant interference of conjugated bilirubin upto 12 mg/dL and unconjugated bilirubin concentration upto: 27 mg/dl).

Hemolysis: No significant interference up to 600 mg/dl)

**QUALITY CONTROL**

It is recommended to run a normal and a pathological control serum which is commercially available to verify the performance of the measured procedure. The value of controls should fall within the established limit.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Buccolo G., David M., Clin. Chem, 19, (1973), 476